Name	Date	Period

Covalent Bonding Worksheet

Covalent bonding occurs when two or more NON METALS share electrons, attempting to attain a stable octet (8 outer electrons)in their outer shell for at least part of the time. Draw a Lewis dot diagram for each element listed. Circle the unpaired electrons that will be shared between the elements.

1.) H_{2 hydrogen is diatomic}

 $H + H \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow H-H$ Single Bond

2.) F_{2 fluorine is diatomic}

3.) O_{2 oxygen is diatomic}

O +

^O=O Double Bond

4.) N_2 nitrogen is diatomic. Is this a triple bond?

N + N

5.) BF₃ you need 3 fluorine atoms here

B + F

6.) Ammonia NH₃ hint: how many hydrogen atoms are needed?

N + H

7.) Carbon dioxide CO₂

+ C + O

8.) Methane CH₄ careful here 4 hydrogen atoms needed

C + H

9.) Dihydrogen monoxide: the most dangerous substance on the planet. It has killed more people than any other substance known to mankind!!

H + O + H

10.) SO₂ hint: one pair of electrons from sulfur must be slit up for this one to work.

O + S + O

Types of Chemical Bonds

Classify the following compounds as **ionic** (a metal + a nonmetal), **covalent** (a nonmetal + a nonmetal) or **both** (a compound containing a metal and a polyatomic ion) In the other column list the number of atoms in each compound.

	Type of Bond	
1.) CaCl ₂		
2.) CO ₂		
3.) H ₂ O		
4.) Sr ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	2	
5.) K ₂ O		
6.) NaF		
7.) Al ₂ (CO ₃)	3	
8.) CH ₄		
9.) SO ₃		
10.) LiBr		
11.) Mg ₃ (PO	(4)2	
12.) (NH ₄) ₂ HPO ₄		

13.) C₁₂H₂₂O₁₁ _____

14.) H₂O

List each atom and how many are in the compound. Follow the example below.

$$Ca = 1$$
 $C1 = 2$